USEPA RAC II SUBCONTRACT NO. 12063 USEPA WORK ASSIGNMENT NO. 018-RICO-02GZ IT CORPORATION

DRAFT
COMMUNITY RELATIONS PLAN
FOR
REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION/
FEASIBILITY STUDY
CORNELL-DUBILIER ELECTRONICS
SUPERFUND SITE
SOUTH PLAINFIELD
MIDDLESEX COUNTY, NEW JERSEY

MAY 2000

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DRAFT COMMUNITY RELATIONS PLAN **FOR** REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION/ FEASIBILITY STUDY **CORNELL-DUBILIER ELECTRONICS** SUPERFUND SITE SOUTH PLAINFIELD MIDDLESEX COUNTY, NEW JERSEY

MAY 2000

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA)¹ is conducting a Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study (RI/FS) at the Cornell-Dubilier Electronics Superfund (the "Site"). The Site is located at Hamilton Industrial Park in the Borough of South Plainfield in Middlesex County, New Jersey. The environmental work, which began in May 2000, is being conducted within USEPA's Superfund Program, which provides funding for investigating and cleaning up hazardous waste sites across the United States. The Superfund Program has an established framework for conducting community relations programs during investigation and cleanup actions. This Community Relations Plan (CRP) will serve as a guide for community relations activities during the RI/FS.

1.1 Objectives of the Community Relations Program

This CRP describes the methods USEPA will use to: (1) keep the community informed of progress in the environmental investigation and cleanup at the Site, and (2) allow for two-way communication between USEPA and the public.

The community relations program for the Site seeks to provide avenues for public participation in the decision-making process related to the environmental cleanup. At key points during the cleanup process, the public will be given the opportunity to voice opinions or concerns about the proposed remedial (cleanup) alternatives. The community's viewpoints will be taken into consideration before any final decisions about remedial activities are made.

This CRP is based on interviews conducted with local public officials, residents and members of environmental interest groups between April and May 2000. (A complete list of persons interviewed for this CRP is provided in Appendix C). The community relations activities outlined in this CRP were developed as a result of the concerns and information needs identified during those discussions. If, however, the community's concerns or information needs change during the course of the

¹ See appendix A for a list of acronyms and abbreviations used in this document. See Appendix B for a glossary that defines technical terms that appear in **boldface** in the text.

for dialogue. A brief explanation of the Superfund requirements is provided below. In the Community Relations Activities and Schedule table of this CRP (Section 4.5) the activities are identified as being either required by Superfund or additional proposed activities (not required).

According to Superfund regulations, a CRP must be prepared and be based on the results of community interviews. The plan provides a record of community concerns at the outset of the cleanup process and outlines how USEPA will keep the community informed about the Site. In addition, information repositories for a Site must be set up at locations convenient to the community, such as at libraries and town halls. The repositories contain documents and information related to the Site's remediation program. (See Section 4.4.2 and Appendix E for the recommended location of the information repository for the Cornell-Dubilier Site.) An Administrative Record is established for the Site at USEPA's office. The Administrative Record contains all documents and correspondence that have a bearing on the decision-making process.

Following USEPA's environmental investigation (called a Remedial Investigation or RI) and analysis of possible cleanup alternatives (called a Feasibility Study or FS), USEPA issues a Proposed Plan. The Proposed Plan provides a brief summary of the results of the RI/FS and the cleanup method being proposed by USEPA. Superfund regulations require that the public be given opportunities to comment on the cleanup method proposed for a Superfund Site. A public notice is published in one or more area newspapers to let people know that the documents related to the cleanup proposal are available for review and comment. All of these documents are made available to the public at the information repositories.

A 30-day (minimum) comment period begins when the Proposed Plan is released. During the comment period, members of the public may send written comments to the contact person(s) identified in the public notice. In addition, USEPA holds a public meeting to take oral and written comments and to answer questions from the community about the proposed remedy.

After the close of the comment period, USEPA must take the public's comments into consideration in making a final decision about the cleanup proposal. The record of the public's comments and the

SITE BACKGROUND 2.0

The Site is the location of a former electronic components manufacturing facility that now serves as an industrial park for a number of small businesses. Assessments of the Site indicate the widespread presence of polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) in soils. PCBs also have been detected in sediments within and near the property as well as on interior surfaces of some industrial park facilities and surrounding homes. Detailed descriptions of the Site and its history are provided below.

Site Description 2.1

The Site consists of a 25-acre property within an area of mixed industrial, commercial and residential use at 333 Hamilton Boulevard in the Borough of South Plainfield, Middlesex County, New Jersey. Figure 1 shows the general location of the Site. The Site is currently occupied by the Hamilton Industrial Park, which consists of approximately 15 small industrial companies operating from the original Site buildings on the western portion of the Site.

Figure 2 shows the layout of the Site. The property is bordered on the northeast by the Bound Brook and the Lehigh Valley Railroad, Perth Amboy Branch; to the southeast by the South Plainfield Department of Works property, which includes an unnamed tributary to the Bound Brook; to the southwest, across Spicer Avenue by single-family residential properties; and to the northwest, across Hamilton Boulevard by mixed residential and commercial properties. The Hamilton Industrial Park is located in the western portion of the Site, which is largely paved or occupied by buildings. The central portion of the Site is primarily an open field, with some wooded areas to the south and a paved area (former truck-driving school) in the center. The eastern portion of the Site consists primarily of a wetland area bordering the Bound Brook.

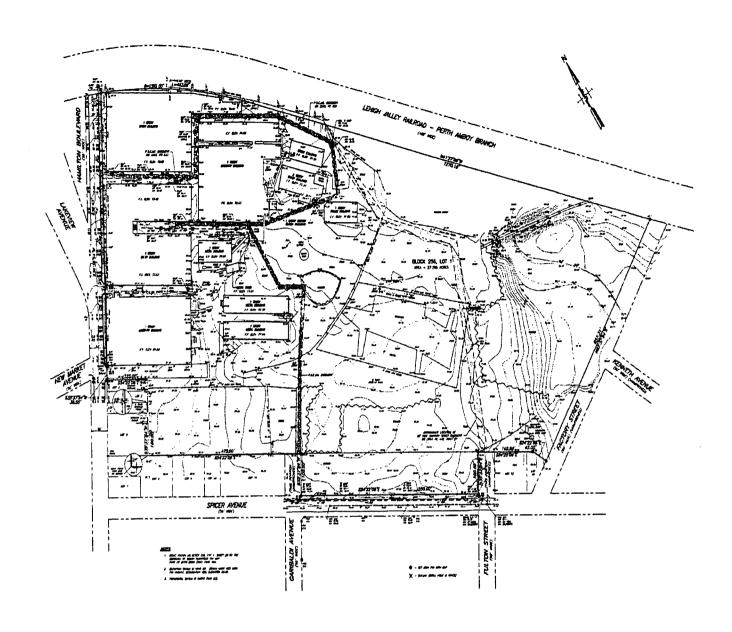


Figure 2 Site Map

Table 1 (Sheet 1 of 2) Key Assessments and Actions Through May 2000 Cornell-Dubilier Superfund Site					
Date	Action				
September 1986	Initial Site Inspection New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) conducted a Site Inspection that entailed the collection of samples from surface soil, surface water, and sediment at the Site. PCBs, metals, and volatile organic compounds (VOCs) were detected in the soil and sediment samples.				
June 1994 - October 1994	Initial USEPA Investigation USEPA collected samples of sediment and surface water from Bound Brook and surface soil samples from the Site. PCBs, the VOC trichloroethene (TCE), and lead were detected in sediment. PCBs and TCE were detected in the surface water.				
June 1996	<u>USEPA Ecological Risk Assessment</u> USEPA completed a screening-level ecological risk assessment that indicated that contaminants in Bound Brook were present at concentrations that have been linked to adverse impacts in bottom-dwelling organisms in other freshwater systems.				
June and July 1996	Additional USEPA Investigations of Soil USEPA collected surface and subsurface samples from a roadway, a vacant field and a foot/bicycle path on the Site; the results indicated PCBs and lead in elevated concentrations. Test pits excavated in the field uncovered discarded material.				
March 1997 - June 1997	<u>USEPA Sampling of Building Interiors</u> USEPA sampled interior surfaces of Site buildings (wipe, chip, and vacuum samples). Analysis of the samples indicated elevated concentrations of PCBs and, in some cases, lead and cadmium contamination.				
March 1997	Removal Actions to Stabilize the Site USEPA issued a unilateral administrative order to D.S.C. of Newark Enterprises (Site owner) requiring that the Site's driveways and parking areas be paved, security fencing be installed, warning signs be posted and silt fencing be installed.				
June and August 1997 August 1998 - November 1998 June 1999	USEPA Study of Bound Brook and Bound Brook Flood Plain In 1997, USEPA initiated a study to determine the impacts of contamination of the Bound Brook to human health and the environment. Samples of soil, sediment, water, and organisms were collected for the study. In 1998, USEPA sampled areas along the Bound Brook floodplain.				
June 1997	Public Availability Session A public availability session was held in the South Plainfield Municipal Building on June 19, 1997.				
August 1997	Public Availability Session A public availability session was held in the South Plainfield Municipal Building on August 21, 1997.				
August 1997	Interim Fish Consumption Advisory NJDEP issued an interim fish consumption advisory for the Bound Brook and New Market Pond.				
June and October 1997 April 1998 May 1998	Soil Sampling of Residential Properties USEPA collected surface soil samples from residential properties adjacent to the Site. Samples were collected in phases, beginning with properties closest to the Site.				
September 1997	Site Proposed for Superfund National Priorities List USEPA proposed that the Site be listed on the Superfund National Priorities List of hazardous waste Sites, making it eligible for the program's funding and resources.				

2.3 Upcoming Technical Activities

Beginning in May 2000, the USEPA initiated the Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study (RI/FS) of the Site. The RI/FS will characterize the nature and extent of contamination at the Site, characterize the migration of contaminants and determine the impacts to locations off Site, determine effects and risks to human health and the environment and identify the most appropriate actions to minimize risks. A final Work Plan for the RI/FS was prepared by Foster Wheeler Environmental in March 2000. Foster Wheeler Environmental will perform the work on behalf of the USEPA.

Major components of the ongoing investigation include:

- Defining the boundaries of on-Site wetlands
- Surveying the property and buildings
- Conducting a survey of private water supply wells in the area
- Sampling dust within on-Site buildings
- Sampling soils throughout the Site and some surrounding properties
- Excavating test pits at the Site to define a suspected disposal
- Potential sampling of stream and floodplain sediments on Site and at downstream locations
- Installing monitoring wells to characterize groundwater quality and flow conditions

serviced by a 56-person police department, volunteer fire company and first aid squad and maintains four elementary schools, one middle school and one high school. South Plainfield's Health Department was recently absorbed into the Middlesex County Health Department. The Borough has an Environmental Commission and is host to the local Lions Club and Rotary Club.

The Borough functions under a Township Committee form of government, with one representative elected mayor by the committee. The mayor serves a four-year term, and the council members serve three-year terms.

The area of South Plainfield immediately surrounding the Cornell-Dubilier Electronics Site is of mixed residential, commercial and industrial use. Approximately 15 small industrial concerns operate within the Site boundaries. A residential neighborhood is situated south and southwest of the Site, and new-home construction is evident in the area. Small commercial establishments are scattered among residential properties southwest and west of the Site along Hamilton Boulevard. Spring Lake (which flows into Bound Brook downstream of the Site via Cedar Brook) is located northwest of the Site, and New Market Pond is located northwest and downstream of the Site. New Market Pond was the location of a news media event in 1997 announcing the fishing advisory for Bound Brook and New Market Pond. The pond is presently posted with advisories for catch and release.

3.2 History of Community Involvement

To date, information exchange between the community and USEPA mainly has occurred through personal contacts during preliminary investigations and removal actions, communication at public availability sessions and council meetings, and direct mailing of information to individuals identified on the mailing list. Key community involvement events are summarized below.

The community's initial interest in the Site dates back to the mid-1980s, according to the results of interviews with individuals from the South Plainfield Borough and Edison Wetlands Association. At the time, a member of the South Plainfield Environmental Commission had learned that Cornell-Dubilier was undertaking a PCB cleanup in Massachusetts and had alerted the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) to the Site in South Plainfield.

actions. Fact sheets published in June 1997 and April 1998 were distributed to individuals on the mailing list and were made available during public availability sessions and personal meetings with business owners and residents.

In April 2000, a resident of the South Plainfield Borough requested that the USEPA sample his private water well to determine if the quality of his groundwater supply had been impacted by contamination from the Site. The USEPA forwarded the request to the Middlesex County Department of Health, which sampled the well and found no contamination.

Also in April 2000, a class-action lawsuit was filed against Cornell-Dubilier Electronics by 17 residents living adjacent to the property. Reports indicate that additional sampling and cleanup, natural resource damage compensation and medical monitoring were among the requests cited in the lawsuit.

3.3 Issues of Importance to the Community

Issues of importance to the community were identified largely through community interviews as well as through discussions with USEPA personnel and review of news clippings and records of prior public meetings. Issues of concern identified are summarized below, following a description of the community interview process.

3.3.1 Description of the Interview Process

Between April 26 and 28, the USEPA and IT Corporation (subcontractor to USEPA contractor Foster Wheeler Environmental) conducted personal interviews with 12 people to obtain information for this CRP. An additional five individuals provided information via telephone interview or provided feedback during IT's request for interview. Interviewees were selected from a list of individuals appearing on the mailing list as well as individuals randomly contacted within the Industrial Park and in the surrounding residential neighborhood. Many of the local residents appearing on the mailing list had unlisted telephone numbers, so success in contacting residents was partially dependent on their availability during door-to-door requests for interviews between April 26 and 28.

- Most respondents would like to receive information via the mail in the form of newsletters and fact sheets, as well as through personal contacts and public information sessions. Most respondents who dealt with the USEPA during the removal action stated that they were very happy with the USEPA's responsiveness and availability.
- The primary concerns of respondents varied depending on the stakeholder groups that the respondents represented. Local residents principally expressed concern regarding their property values. Health and environmental officials and an interest group expressed concerns regarding the effectiveness of the interim actions, health impacts to surrounding residents including groundwater quality in the case of private wells), and the effectiveness of the fish advisory (largely due to difficulty in maintaining advisory postings). Local officials and interest groups also expressed concern regarding the long time frame for cleanup activities. A business operating in Hamilton Industrial Park expressed concern regarding the health of employees and business-owner liability issues. Some respondents from different stakeholder groups noted what has been perceived as a high cancer rate for the area.

Summaries of specific responses of the interviewees are provided below in the context of current knowledge about the Cornell-Dubilier Site, need for information, concerns about the Site, and preferred sources of information and methods of communication.

Present Knowledge About the Cornell-Dubilier Electronics Site and the Superfund Process

The respondents' knowledge of the Site and Superfund process varied depending on the nature of their involvement with the Site. Local officials and the environmental interest group were knowledgeable about the Site and understood the Superfund process to varying degrees.

Residents whose properties were included in the initial removal action were generally aware of the Site's history and of the environmental concerns associated with the property. Most of these residents, however, were not very familiar with the overall Superfund process. Respondents who were residents unaffected by the initial sampling and removal actions had very little knowledge of the Site and past/planned activities, but were generally aware that some properties in the neighborhood had been affected by the Site. These residents had learned of the Site through noticing the fencing and warning signs, observing activities at the Site and in the neighborhood and reading

South Plainfield Council members were satisfied with the amount and frequency of information provided throughout the removal action process. However, they asked if the USEPA can keep them informed on a more regular basis, perhaps via monthly e-mails, once the remedial investigation begins. The Community Services Director recommended that the USEPA reach out to the local media, particularly editors of the local newspapers.

All respondents indicated that they would like to be placed on the mailing list.

Concerns About the Site

Residents overwhelmingly were concerned about decreased property values due to their proximity to the Site or the fact that their properties had been impacted. One resident stated that she "took a beating selling the house" as a result of the contamination and indicated that she initiated a lawsuit against Cornell-Dubilier (separate from the class-action suit) to recover real-estate losses. One family felt that they aren't "sure what we're dealing with" and noted that they know several individuals who died of cancer in the neighborhood. Some residents had questions about the Site or work that was performed. For instance, "Why were some homes sampled and others not?" "The cinder blocks in my basement become wet when it rains, why were they never tested for PCBs?" "Will the USEPA retest my yard if my soil is replaced?" "What will the work cost me?"

The Community Services Director representing the Seventh Congressional District of New Jersey reported that residents have inquired by telephone whether their lawns were safe for their children and pets. She also inquired when people will be told and who will tell them that their properties are safe. She also suggested that the USEPA stress to the public that interim actions will be taken if imminent health threats are identified.

Some residents who were approached regarding access agreements for future residential sampling (more than a block from the Site) indicated that they were not concerned or interested in the Site.

Preferred Sources of Information and Methods of Communication

Respondents suggested a combination of personal contacts, mailing updates and public meetings to help keep the public informed and Foster information exchange. The most frequently cited newspapers in the area were the *Reporter* and *South Plainfield Observer*, both local papers, as well as the *Star-Ledger* and *Courier News*. The *Home News Tribune* has published several articles about the Site.

Council members and health and environmental officials and representatives requested regular updates so that they may keep their governing bodies and constituents informed and be better able to field questions. South Plainfield Council Members suggested that very brief, bulleted monthly updates by the USEPA via e-mail would be appropriate. They also suggested that the Borough's web Site would be an excellent communication vehicle for posting updates and making information available to interested individuals. The South Plainfield Environmental Commission Chairman also requested very brief updates on a monthly basis.

The South Plainfield Borough Environmental Specialist suggested that newsletters issued every few months would be beneficial in keeping individuals updated in the community.

A business owner at Hamilton Industrial Park requested that the USEPA resume occasional personal contact with the businesses. He expressed concern that public availability sessions would not effectively reach business owners because they do not live in the community and would not be in the area after work hours. He also noted that some of his employees speak Spanish and do not read or speak English well. He requested that written information be bilingual.

- Business owners and their employees working within Hamilton Industrial Park (as well as the property owner).
- Local officials from South Plainfield Borough as well as those of Piscataway, located downstream of Bound Brook.
- County and state officials, including representatives from NJDEP and the Middlesex County Health Department.
- Members of the South Plainfield Environmental Commission.
- Members of the Edison Wetlands Association.
- Real estate and business associations (e.g., South Plainfield Business Association, local real estate associations involved in residential and commercial property transfers, and redevelopment companies who express an interest in long-term use of the Site).
- Members of the local media.

4.4 Community Relations Activities

The specific activities that USEPA will use to inform and involve the stakeholders in the Superfund process are described below.

4.4.1 Provide a Central Point of Contact

As a first step in providing the community with opportunities to comment and ask questions throughout the cleanup process, USEPA has designated two agency contact people who will take telephone calls and respond to inquiries from the public:

Peter Mannino
Project Manager
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
290 Broadway, 19th Floor
New York, NY 10007-1866

Phone: (212) 637-4395 Fax: (212) 637-4429

E-mail: mannino.pietro@epamail.epa.gov

Patricia Seppi

Public Affairs Specialist

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

290 Broadway

New York, NY 10007-1866

Phone: (212) 637-3679 Fax: (212) 637-4445

E-mail: seppi.pat@epamail.epa.gov

4.4.3 Maintain and Update the Site Mailing List

To allow dissemination of information to stakeholders on a regular basis, USEPA will maintain and update the mailing list of interested members of the community. USEPA will send out information periodically to individuals on the list.

A mailing list for the Site is maintained at the USEPA office. The names and addresses of public officials and organizations appearing on the mailing list are included in the list of key contacts in Appendix D. Note that this list does not include the names of private citizens that appear on the mailing list.

4.4.4 Disseminate Fact Sheets at Key Project Milestones or to Address Specific Information Needs of the Community

To address the community's needs for timely, accurate, and understandable information about the Cornell-Dubilier Electronics Site, the Superfund process, and opportunities for community involvement, USEPA will prepare and distribute fact sheets or flyers at key project milestones or to address specific information needs of the community. USEPA plans to issue fact sheets prior to public meetings, when field work begins, when the RI is complete to announce the results, and whenever needed to ensure accurate and timely information are provided to the community. USEPA may consider preparing a media information kit, which would include the fact sheet(s) prepared for the Cornell-Dubilier Site. Fact sheets should include a notice appearing in Spanish that references the RI/FS work at the Site and provides a telephone number of a bilingual USEPA representative.

Based on information received from the community interviews, a fact sheet that communicates the availability of the information repository, the RI/FS process, Site contacts, and concerns identified by the community should be prepared and disseminated as soon as possible.

either verbally at the public meeting or in writing. USEPA is required to consider public comments when preparing the Record of Decision. Actions described in the Proposed Plan may be modified in the Record of Decision to address the concerns of community members, or explanations for leaving actions unchanged must be provided.

4.4.7 Conduct Informal Information Sessions and Make Other Personal Contacts

USEPA will hold one-on-one or small group meetings with residents, local officials, and other interested groups at locations convenient to all parties. USEPA plans to hold an information session for people receiving Request for Access Agreements. USEPA also will hold information sessions at the beginning of field work. The need for additional sessions will be determined through periodic conversations with community representatives. USEPA also will offer to make presentations at regularly scheduled meetings, such as Council meetings or meetings of organized groups in the area. Information sessions with businesses at Hamilton Industrial Park will be attended by a bilingual (English/Spanish speaking) representative of the USEPA in order to ensure effective communication with workers who speak only Spanish.

Public meetings will be held at the South Plainfield Municipal Building. The address and phone number of the Municipal Building is included in Appendix E.

4.5 Community Relations Activities Schedule

The specific community relations activities that will be conducted for the Cornell-Dubilier Electronics Site are listed in Table 2 with the corresponding technical milestones. Activities are identified as either required by Superfund or as additional proposed activities that USEPA believes can improve communication between USEPA and the public.

APPENDIX A LIST OF ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Appendix A - List of Acronyms and Abbreviations

The following acronyms and abbreviations are used in this document.

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (also

known as Superfund)

CRP Community Relations Plan

NJDEP New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection

NPL National Priorities List

PCB Polychlorinated biphenyls

RI/FS Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study

SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

TAG Technical Assistance Grant

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

VOC Volatile Organic Compound

APPENDIX B

GLOSSARY

Appendix B - Glossary

Administrative Record

Body of documents that form the basis for USEPA's selection of a particular remedial response at a specific site (as set forth in the **Record of Decision**).

Comment Period

A time during which the public can review and comment on various documents and USEPA actions. For example, a comment period is provided when USEPA proposes to add sites to the **National Priorities List.**

Community Relations Plan (CRP)

The Community Relations Plan outlines specific community relations activities that will occur during the removal and remedial responses at a site. The Community Relations Plan also outlines how the public will be kept informed of work at the site and the ways in which citizens can review and comment on decisions that may affect the final site actions. The Community Relations Plan document is typically placed in the information repository(ies) established for the site.

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

Also known as **Superfund**, this law authorizes the federal government to respond directly to releases of hazardous substances that may endanger public health or the environment. USEPA is responsible for managing Superfund.

Groundwater

The supply of fresh water found beneath the Earth's surface (usually in aquifers) which is often used for supplying wells and springs.

Hazardous Waste

Wastes exhibiting any of the following characteristics: ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity, or toxicity. USEPA and the State of New Jersey also have listed as hazardous other wastes that do not

Potentially Responsible Party(ies) (PRPs)

An individual(s) or company(ies) (such as owners, operators, transporters, or generators) potentially responsible for contributing to the contamination problem at a **Superfund** site. Whenever possible, USEPA requires potentially responsible parties, through administrative and legal actions, to clean up **hazardous waste** sites they have contaminated.

Proposed Plan

A public participation requirement of the **Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act** (SARA) in which USEPA summarizes for the public the preferred cleanup strategy, the rationale for the preference, reviews the alternatives presented in the detailed analysis of the **Feasibility Study**, and presents any waivers to cleanup standards which may be proposed. The Proposed Plan actively solicits public review and comment on all alternatives under consideration by USEPA.

Record of Decision

A document outlining the steps taken to arrive at a final cleanup decision for a hazardous waste site. The Record of Decision is based on information and technical analysis generated during the **Remedial Investigation** and **Feasibility Study** and consideration of public comments and community concerns. All comments received in writing, or expressed orally at a public hearing, during the public comment period are summarized responded to in a formal manner in a **Responsiveness Summary** section of the Record of Decision.

Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study

An two-part investigation conducted to fully assess the nature and extent of the release, or threat of release, of hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants, and to identify alternatives for remediation. The RI gathers the necessary data to support the corresponding **FS**.

Remediation or Remedial Action

A series of steps taken to construct or implement a remedy that will reduce or eliminate risks to human health and the environment posed by a Superfund site.

Technical Assistance Grant (TAG)

A grant offered by EPA to the community in the neighborhood of a cleanup site. The community may receive this grant to pay for an independent expert on cleanup issues to assist them in making informed comments during the public involvement process.

United States Environmental Protection-Agency (USEPA)

The United States Government agency responsible for administering CERCLA--known as "Superfund"--and its amendments, as well as other legislation.

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)

VOCs are carbon-containing (organic) compounds that evaporate (volatilize) at room temperature. They include light alcohols, acetone, TCE, PCE, perchloroethylene, dichloroethylene, benzene, vinyl chloride, toluene, and methylene chloride. These potentially toxic chemicals are used as solvents, degreasers, paints, thinners, and fuels. Because of their volatile nature, they readily evaporate into the air, increasing the potential exposure to humans. Due to their environmental persistence and wide-spread industrial use, they are commonly found in soil and groundwater.

APPENDIX C

INDIVIDUALS INTERVIEWED FOR THE PREPARATION OF THIS PLAN

Appendix C - Individuals Interviewed for the Preparation of this Plan

This CRP is based on personal interviews conducted between April 26, 2000 and April 28, 2000 and telephone interviews conducted between April 12, 2000 and May 5, 2000. The following people were interviewed:

Individuals

- Six residents not affiliated with a community organization were interviewed and one resident provided comments by telephone.
- One business representative operating within Hamilton Industrial Park was interviewed and two business representatives operating within Hamilton Industrial Park offered comments via telephone.

Public Agency and Community Organization Representatives

South Plainfield Borough

- James Vokral, Council President
- Ed Kubala, Councilman
- Alice Temple, Environmental Specialist

South Plainfield Environmental Commission

• Larry Randolph, Chair

U.S. Representative, Seventh Congressional District

Barbara Ballard, Community Services Director

Middlesex County Health Department

• Michael Bonk, Health Officer

Edison Wetlands Association

• Robert Spiegel, Executive Director

APPENDIX D LIST OF KEY CONTACTS

Appendix D - List of Key Contacts

Federal Elected Officials

Robert G. Torricelli, Senator		
1 Riverfront Plaza, Newark, NJ 07102	(973) 624-5555	
113 Dirkson Senate Bldg., Washington, DC 20510	(202) 224-8567	
Frank Lautenberg, Senator		
1 Newark Center, 14th Floor, Newark, NJ 07102	(973) 645-3030	
506 Senate Hart Bldg., Washington, DC 20510	(202) 224-4744	
Robert Franks, Member of Congress, Seventh Congressional District		
2333 Morris Avenue, Suite B-8, Union, NJ 07083	(908) 686-5576	
225 Cannon Bldg., Washington, DC 20515	(202) 225-5361	

Federal Non-Elected Officials

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency - New Jersey Remedial Branch

Peter Mannino		(212) 637-4395
Project Manager	Fax:	(212) 637-4429
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency		
290 Broadway, 19th Floor		
New York, NY 10007-1866		
Patricia Seppi		(212) 637-3679
Community Relations Coordinator	Fax:	(212) 637-4445
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency		
290 Broadway		
New York, NY 10007-1866		

Agency for Toxic Substances Disease Registry

Agency for Toxic Substances Disease Registry	(212) 637-4305
Region 2	
290 Broadway, 18th Floor	
New York, NY 10007-1866	

Dennis J. Cerami, Councilman	(908) 753-6922
Ed Kubala, Councilman	(908) 755-2442
Raymond S. Petronko, Councilman	(908) 756-2877
Darlene Tedesco-Pinto, Councilwoman	(908) 561-1517
Larry Randolf, Environmental Commission Chairperson	(908) 754-2386
Alice Temple, Environmental Specialist	(908) 226-7621

Piscataway Township

Piscataway Township Municipal Building (732) 562-2300 455 Hoes Lane

Piscataway, NJ 08854

Helen Merolla, Mayor
Mark Hardenberg, Councilperson
Brian C. Wahler, Councilperson
Marc B. Leavitt, Councilperson
James W. Stewart, Councilperson
Rev. Kenneth Saunders, Councilperson
Millia Scott, Councilperson

Millie Scott, Councilperson Paul Abati, Councilperson

Pat Procaccini, Chairperson, Environmental Advisory Commission

Other Interested Parties

Robert Spiegal, Executive Director (732) 661-9630
Edison Wetlands Association or (732) 661-1660
PMB 180, 1115 Inman Ave.
Edison, NJ 08820-1132

(Note that several individuals have expressed an interest in receiving information about the site. The names of these individuals are on the mailing list maintained at the EPA office.)

Media Contacts

Newspapers

South Plainfield Observer (908) 668-0010
1110 Hamilton Boulevard
Suite 1B
South Plainfield, NJ 07080

East Brunswick, NJ 08816

Contact:

John Loftus, Metro Editor

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WCBS TV News Newark, NJ 07102 (973) 622-7295

(732) 246-7215

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WWOR TV9

Union City, NJ 07087

(201) 330-2183

Radio

WCTC-AM-1450

PO Box 100

New Brunswick, NJ 08903

(908) 249-2600

APPENDIX E

LOCATIONS FOR INFORMATION REPOSITORY AND PUBLIC MEETINGS

Appendix E - Locations for Information Repository and Public Meetings

An information repository for the Cornell-Dubilier Electronics Superfund Site will be established at the South Plainfield Public Library. Public meetings and availability sessions will be held at the South Plainfield Municipal Building. Addresses and phone numbers for the Library and Municipal Building are provided below.

Information Repository - South Plainfield Public Library

The address of the library and business hours are as follows:

Hours of Operation:		
Monday	10 am to 9 pm	
Tuesday	10 am to 6 pm	
Wednesday	10 am to 9 pm	
Thursday	10 am to 9 pm	
Friday	10 am to 6 pm	
Saturday	9 am to 5 pm	
	(July and Aug 9:30 am to 1:00 pm)	
Sunday	1:30 am to 5 pm (except July, Aug.)	
	Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday	

Public Meeting and Availability Sessions - South Plainfield Municipal Building The South Plainfield Municipal Building is located at the following address:

Municipal Building 2480 Plainfield Avenue South Plainfield, New Jersey 07080

(908) 754-9000